



California Physician Performance Initiative (CPPI)

Clinical Quality Measure Specifications 2009

Adult Diagnostic and Preventive Care:

Cervical Cancer Screening (Ages 21 to 64) (CSS)

Measure: The percentage of women who are between 21 and 64 years old, who had a Papanicolaou (Pap) test at least once in the past three years.

Reasons for this measure: Doctors use a Pap test to screen for (find) cervical cancer. This test is done as part of a woman's routine health exam. When cervical cancer is found early, it almost always can be cured.

Eligible Population: Women between the ages 21 and 64 years old, as of September 30, 2008.

Continuous Enrollment in Health Plan: The measurement year and the previous two years (October 1, 2005 through September 30, 2008).

Exclusions: Exclude women who had a hysterectomy.

Numerator Event: One or more Pap tests during the measurement year or two years prior to the measurement year (October 1, 2005 through September 30, 2008).

Codes to Identify Cervical Cancer Screening:

CPT	HCPCS	ICD-9CM Diagnosis	ICD-9CM Procedure	UB Revenue
88141-88143, 88147, 88148, 88150, 88152- 88155, 88164-88167, 88174-88175	G0101, G0123, G0124, G0141, G0143-G0145, G0147, G0148,	V72.32, V76.2	91.46	0923

Designated Specialties: Family Practice, internal medicine and obstetrics/gynecology.

Measure Definition Source: NCQA HEDIS 2009.

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